

## **Authors** Sylvan Herskowitz World Bank

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## Gambling, Saving, and Lumpy Liquidity Needs

By SYLVAN HERSKOWITZ

I present evidence that unmet liquidity needs for indivisible, "lumpy," expenditures increase demand for betting as a second-best method fliquidity generation in the presence of financial constraints. With a sample of 1,708 sports betture in Konquala, Uganda, I show that participants' singeted popular are libade to anticipanted expenditures, while winnings increase lumpy expenditures disprepartionately. I show that a rundomized savings treatment decreases demand for betting, And I are not also the field experiments to show that mentiguidity needs and soving ability are important mechanisms. These results connect the explained by batting as a purely normal good. (JELC93, D81, G51, L83, O12, O16)

ambling has been popular for millennia (Schwartz 2013). Today, it is a global infantity with revenues estimated at nearly half a trillion dollars. Over the past decade, sports betting has emerged as one of the fastest growing forms of gambling, itself frequently valued over a hundred billion dollars. While the world's largest markets have historically been in major developed countries such as the United Kingdom, Japan, Australia, and China, new technologies have enabled international companies to enter previously unfouched markets, with growth fastest across the developing world and, in particular, throughout Africa. While many view gambling as a valuable source of entertainment and tax revenues, critics raise concerns about potential harms from gambling, including increased crime, indebtedness, and

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\* https://www.matinta.com/nationics/25741/6/philos/gambling-market-gross-wise/ \* http://www.matinta.com/nation/c/1746/nation/

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<sup>2</sup>For background on global betting expansion, see industry exports from H2 Gambling Capital (2015). Price-saterboose/Cooper (2016), and Moss (2009).

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## Gambling, Saving, and Lumpy Liquidity Needs

I present evidence that unmet liquidity needs for indivisible, "lumpy," expenditures increase demand for betting as a second-best method of liquidity generation in the presence of financial constraints. With a sample of 1,708 sports bettors in Kampala, Uganda, I show that participants' targeted payouts are linked to anticipated expenditures, while winnings increase lumpy expenditures disproportionately. I show that a randomized savings treatment decreases demand for betting. And I use two lab-in-the-field experiments to show that unmet liquidity needs and saving ability are important mechanisms. These results cannot be explained by betting as a purely normal good.

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